

## WARM UP

Name 5 properties of parallelograms

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## ESSENTIAL QUESTION

Which properties determine whether a quadrilateral is a parallelogram?

GOAL: "I CAN. . .

**Use properties of sides, angles, and diagonals to identify a parallelogram."**

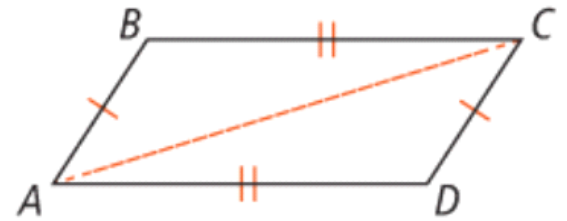
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### EXAMPLE 1

In quadrilateral  $ABCD$ ,  $AC$  is a diagonal,  $AB \cong CD$ , and  $AD \cong BC$ . Is  $ABCD$  a parallelogram? Explain.

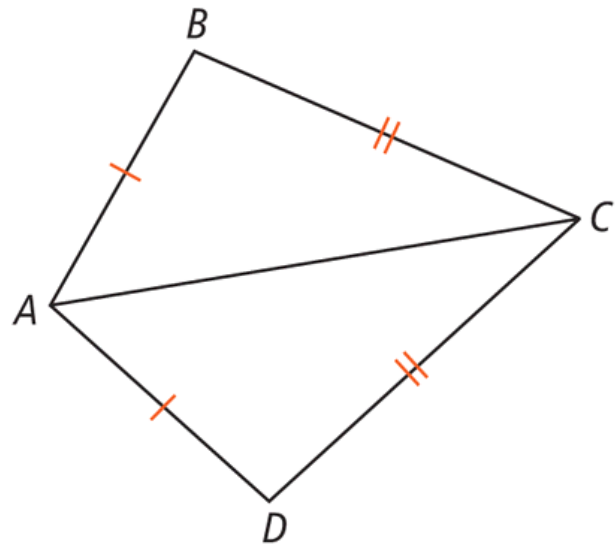


$AD \cong BC$ . Is  $ABCD$  a parallelogram? Explain.



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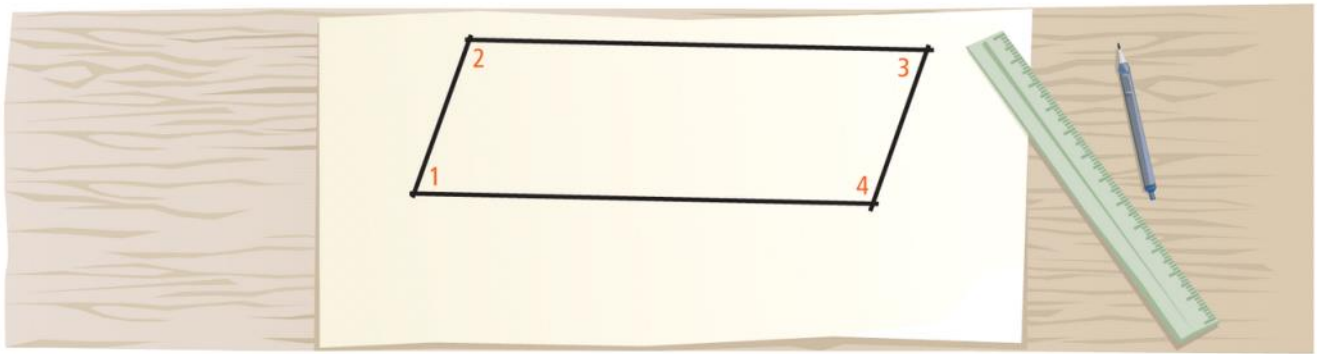
What type of quadrilateral is this and how do you know?



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## EXAMPLE 2

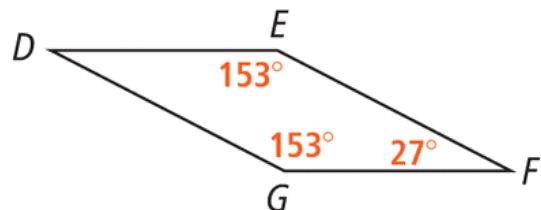
A. Teo sketches a design of a quadrilateral-shaped building. If  $\angle 1$  is supplementary to  $\angle 2$  and  $\angle 4$ , is his design a parallelogram?



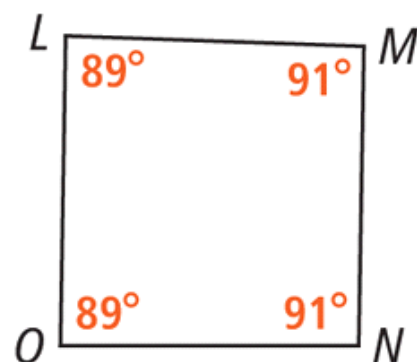
B. Teo sketches a second design in which  $\angle 1$  is congruent to  $\angle 3$ , and  $\angle 2$  is congruent to  $\angle 4$ . Is that design a parallelogram?



2. a. Is  $DEFG$  a parallelogram? Explain.

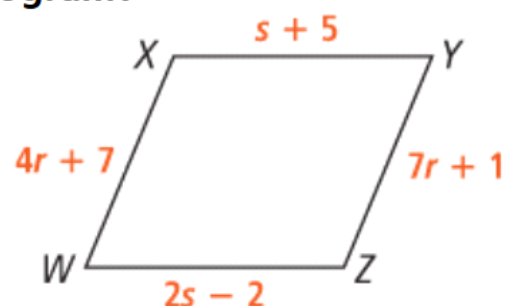


b. Is  $LMNO$  a parallelogram? Explain.

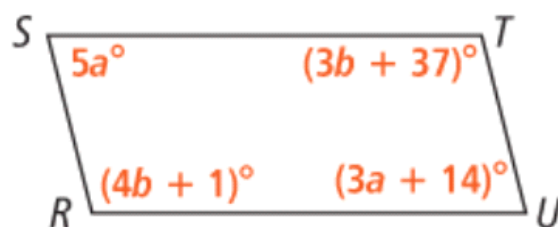


### EXAMPLE 3

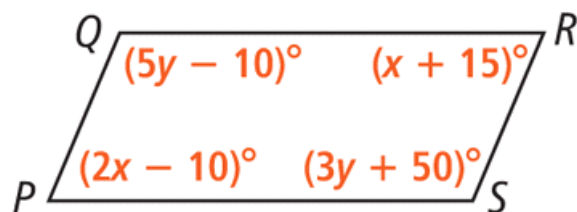
A. For what values of  $r$  and  $s$  is  $WXYZ$  a parallelogram?



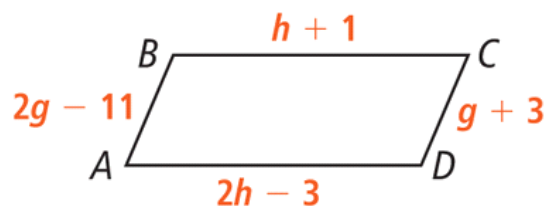
B. For what values of  $a$  and  $b$  is  $RSTU$  a parallelogram?



3. a. If  $x = 25$  and  $y = 30$ , is  $PQRS$  a parallelogram?



3. b. If  $g = 14$  and  $h = 5$ , is  $ABCD$  a parallelogram?

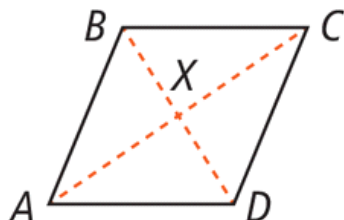


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### EXAMPLE 4

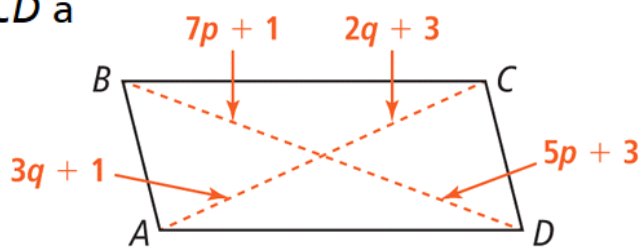
Given:  $\overline{AX} \cong \overline{CX}$  and  $\overline{BX} \cong \overline{DX}$

Prove:  $ABCD$  is a parallelogram



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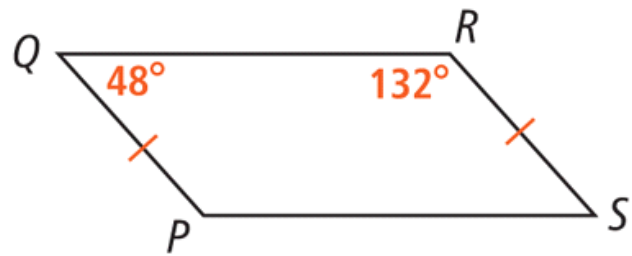
4. For what values of  $p$  and  $q$  is  $ABCD$  a parallelogram?



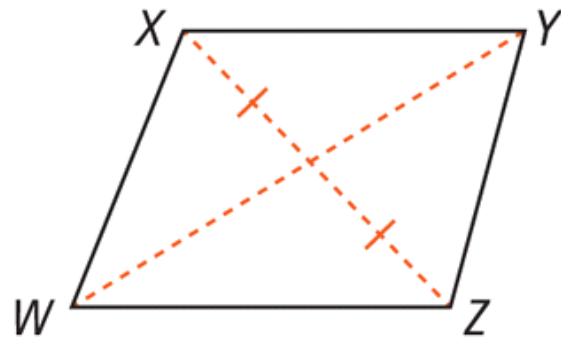
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### EXAMPLE 5

Is  $PQRS$  a parallelogram? Explain.

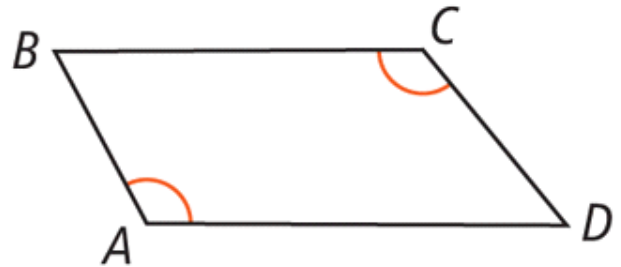


Is  $WXYZ$  a parallelogram? Explain.

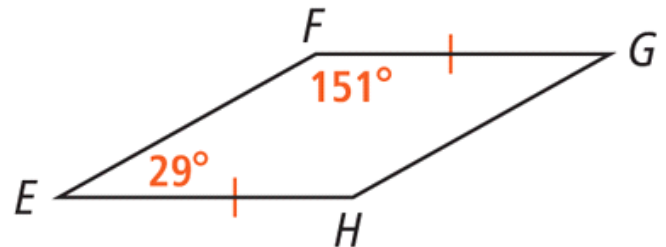


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5. a. Is  $ABCD$  a parallelogram? Explain.



b. Is  $EFGH$  a parallelogram? Explain.



# **HOMEWORK**

**Pg. 277**

**12, 14, 16-18, 24, 25**

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